Bipartisan Infrastructure Law: Division of Environmental Protection Nevada State Revolving Fund (SRF) Status Update

As of September 2024

DWSRF: Drinking Water State Revolving Fund CWSRF: Clean Water State Revolving Fund

	DWSRF General	DWSRF Lead Service Lines Replacement ¹	DWSRF Emerging Contaminants ²	CWSRF General	CWSRF Emerging Contaminants
Original Allotment from EPA	\$66,518,000	\$90,164,000	\$24,659,000	\$30,135,000	\$2,545,000
Transfers ³	\$0	\$0	(\$2,890,140)	\$0	\$2,890,140
Amount Awarded	\$66,518,000	\$28,650,000	\$21,768,860	\$30,135,000	\$5,435,140
Amount Pending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Percent Awarded	100%	31.78%	100%	100%	100%

Amount Spent from awarded	\$1,446,755.60	\$0	\$0	\$18,182,260.00	\$0
Percent spent from awarded	2.17%	0%	0%	60.34%	0%

As of September 30, 2024:

	Drinking Water	Clean Water
Total Revolving Cash available for loans	\$113 million	\$103.6 million
Open Projects under contract		10
	\$18.7 million undisbursed	\$48.1 million undisbursed
Projects in discussion for funding	Projects in discussion for funding +16 total projects +8 total pro	
	+\$162.7 million	+\$148.3 million

Since November 15, 2021:

	Drinking Water	Clean Water
All projects started:	+38 projects	+9 projects
	+\$25,478,828.57	+\$80,487,128

BIL provides additional resources for SRF loans.

¹ Nevada does have a small number of systems with lead and/or galvanized service lines. Additionally, Nevada does have systems with lead and galvanized pipe within their transmission and distribution lines that are not eligible for this funding. Projects qualify for BIL lead grant funding if lead or galvanized pipes, goosenecks, and pigtails are in a service line only. Efforts to expand system sampling are underway that will also help water systems comply with the new lead and copper inventory rule.

² Discussions with a water system for possible treatment techniques that would address emerging contaminants have been ongoing. Efforts to expand water sampling and testing for systems to ensure PFAS and other emerging contaminants are being identified and treated are underway. Nevada has begun to identify systems with PFAS and other emerging contaminants issues.

³ SRF programs are eligible to transfer up to 33% of the drinking water allotments between programs.

Set-Aside Balances (including base grant)	DWSRF General ⁴	DWSRF Lead Service Lines Replacement ⁵	DWSRF Emerging Contaminants	CWSRF General ⁶	CWSRF Emerging Contaminants
Administration	\$2,339,912.69	\$0	\$0	\$855,880.00	\$0
Small System Technical Assistance	\$1,167,999.07	\$573,000.00	\$0	\$602,700.00	\$0
Capacity Development	\$3,068,584.29	\$2,865,000.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
Public Water System Supervision	\$6,033,108.31	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Source Water Protection	\$3,228,096.10	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Wellhead Protection	\$3,206123.94	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

⁴ DWSRF General includes both the BASE grant and BIL Supplemental amounts for the respective set-asides. ⁵ Set-asides to assist funding lead inventories and technical assistance for project funding. ⁶ CWSRF General includes both the BASE grant and BIL Supplemental amounts for the respective set-asides.