

5. Facility Response Information

There are several sources of information regarding hazardous materials that may be present at individual facilities within the State. Several of the sources include sizeable databases, which would be difficult to present or reproduce within this Response Plan. These databases exist with various local, state and federal agencies. Some of the databases are accessible by the general public; while others require prior approval to access the information. Consequently, rather than including the databases in this report, information is provided regarding the nature of the database and how to access the database. At the time of writing this plan, a Governor's Task Force has been convened to address the issue of sharing of HazMat information between agencies.

CERCLIS

CERCLIS is the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System. The USEPA administers this database. CERCLIS contains information on hazardous waste sites, potential hazardous waste sites, and remedial activities across the nation, including sites that are on the National Priorities List (NPL) or being considered for the NPL. Sites listed on CERCLIS may be searched online at <http://cfpub.epa.gov/supercpad/cursites/srchsites.cfm>

Enforcement and Compliance History Online (ECHO) The EPA ECHO database provides integrated compliance and enforcement information for approximately 800,000 regulated facilities nationwide. The site allows users to find inspection, violation, enforcement action, and penalty information about facilities for the past two years. Facilities regulated under the following environmental statutes are included: Clean Air Act (CAA) Stationary Source Program, Clean Water Act (CWA) National Pollutant Elimination Discharge System (NPDES), and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). ECHO reports provide a snapshot of a facility's environmental record, showing dates and types of violations, as well as the State or Federal government's response. The ECHO database is available online at <http://www.epa.gov/echo/index.html>

Toxic Release Inventory (TRI)

The Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) is a publicly available EPA database that contains information on toxic chemical releases and other waste management activities reported annually by certain covered industry groups as well as federal facilities. This inventory was established under the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) and expanded by the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990. The TRI database is available online at <http://www.epa.gov/tri/>

Envirofacts

The [Envirofacts](#) website is a single point of access to select U.S. EPA environmental data. This website provides access to several EPA databases that provide information about environmental activities that may affect air, water, and land anywhere in the United States. This website allows users to retrieve a sampling of information pertaining to your area by entering a specific ZIP Code, City and State, or County and State. More in-depth information about a particular subject area, may be selected from a list of available

topics, which includes Waste, Water, Toxics, Air, Radiation, Land, Other, and Maps. Envirofacts also allows users to generate maps of environmental information. The Envirofacts website can be found online at <http://www.epa.gov/enviro/index.html>

Permitted Treatment, Storage or Disposal Facilities

The NDEP Bureau of Waste Management maintains a list of permitted hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities (TSDFs). These facilities are regulated under the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), which has been delegated by EPA to NDEP within the State of Nevada. A list of these facilities, with contact information, is available online at <http://ndep.nv.gov/bwm/hazard01.htm>.

Recycling Facilities

Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 444.84555 requires a facility or mobile unit for the recycling of hazardous waste to obtain a written determination by the NDEP Administrator. Information regarding these facilities is available online at <http://ndep.nv.gov/bwm/hazard20.htm>

Chemical Action Prevention Program (CAPP).

This program is located within the NDEP Bureau of Waste Management. CAPP applies to facilities that have select, highly hazardous substances in quantities above defined thresholds. These highly hazardous substances are distinguished from numerous other agency-regulated substances in that they will cause acute health impacts, that is, serious health impacts from a relatively short-term, low concentration exposure. CAPP maintains a list of these facilities, conducts inspections, issues permits, and requires that the facilities maintain Emergency Action/Response Plans. These facilities are also required to provide the appropriate LEPC with a copy of the Emergency Action/Response Plan. Information regarding the CAPP facilities, including location, contacts, and highly hazardous substances used is provided in the Hazard Analysis Section of this plan. CAPP information is also available from the NDEP Duty Officer at (888) 331-6337. Additional CAPP information should also be available online, in the near future.

Nevada Chemical Facility Database (NCFD)

Compliance with Federal and State laws requires reporting of hazardous materials that are used, stored, manufactured or manufactured for transport. Compliance with NRS 459.744, NRS 477.045 and NAC 477.323 requires annual reporting of relevant information to the State Fire Marshal's office; while SARA Title III requires reporting of relevant information to the LEPC, to the SERC and to the fire department with jurisdiction over the facility. The Division of the State Fire Marshal is responsible for maintaining and updating this reported information within the Nevada Chemical Facility Database (NCFD). This database contains information on facilities which use, manufacture or store hazardous materials. Currently this database contains information on over 5,000 facilities including: facility name, location, emergency contacts, chemical name, CAS number, health hazard, physical hazard, quantity onsite, etc. The database can be accessed through NHP Dispatch, by first responders and agency personnel who have received prior authorization to access the information. Future plans include development of a web-based application of this database.