# NEVADA DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION UNDERGROUND INJECTION CONTROL PERMIT No. UNEV2024201

#### CLASS V SUBCLASS 5X26 INJECTION WELLS FOR GROUNDWATER REMEDIATION

#### **AUTHORIZATION TO INJECT**

In compliance with the provisions of the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) and the Nevada Underground Injection Control (UIC) Regulations, Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 445A.810 through 445A.925, eligible applicants are authorized to inject the following substances and/or water from a treatment facility or other project derived water operated in conjunction with a corrective action (CA) project overseen by the Nevada Division of Environmental Protection Bureau of Corrective Actions or other CA agency into Class V injection wells in accordance with limitations, requirements and other conditions set forth in Parts I and II hereof.

This permit is for a corrective action (remediation) project, allowing injection of materials identified in the work plan referenced below and in attachments to this permit.

Facility/Site Name: Former Wells Bloomfield Manufacturing Facility

Facility Address: 2 Erik Circle | Verdi, NV 89439

Legal Description: PLSS (MDB&M): T 19N | R 18E | Sec 8 (SE/4 of SW/4)

APN: 038-060-09

Geodetic Location: 39°31'15.4488" N. 119°58'48.0354" W

Well Owner Name/Address: Carrier Corporation Inc. | Attn: Don Sorbello, Bldg 7 | PO Box 4808, Syracuse, NY 13221

Well Operator Name/Address: AECOM Technical Services (for Carrier) | Attn: Holly Holbrook |

999 Town & Country Rd., Orange, CA 92868

Authorized Wells (see Attachment 1): Injection Wells (x4): FIB-7, FIB-8, FIB-9, FIB-10

Monitoring Wells (x3): MW-12, MW-15A, MW-13

Signed this 23rd day of April 2024

Authorized Additives: see Attachment 2

<u>Authorized Rates/Volumes</u>: see Attachment 3 Sampling Requirements\*: see Attachment 4

Corrective Action Facility No.: D-000561

Effective Date: April 24, 2024 Expiration Date\*: April 24, 2029

\*Permit will remain active until the Permittee submits and receives approval for the Notice of Termination (UIC form U310) or Expiration Date – whichever is sooner.

Andrew Kowler, Ph.D. | Environmental Scientist

Underground Injection Control Program

Bureau of Water Pollution Control

<sup>\*</sup>Per approved state or county corrective action work plan: *In Situ Bioremediation Workplan*, submitted to NDEP on April 26, 2022 and approved on June 15, 2022.

#### **PART I**

#### A. LIMITATIONS, MONITORING AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS

Subject to the Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 445A.894, the director may require any person authorized to inject by a general permit to apply for and obtain an individual permit. **Upon review of the facts, if the Underground Injection Control (UIC) Program staff is concerned about any aspects of the project (such as a public water system supply well or domestic well), the applicant may be required to apply for a modification of this permit.** The Permittee is only authorized to inject what is listed on page 1 of this permit; any actions other than the discharges listed will require a permit modification.

- 1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit for a specific project and lasting until the permit is terminated, the Permittee is authorized to inject substances which are injected into a well for remediation purposes per approved rates specified and authorized on page 1; and
- 2. The injectate shall be limited and groundwater monitored by the Permittee, pursuant to the criteria listed below.
  - a. Only the approved substances shall be injected, and only in the volumes and at the injection rates authorized following appropriate treatment to meet groundwater quality criteria. Other water generated as part of the facility's CA project may also be authorized under this permit.
  - b. Injection practices shall not cause injectate and/or groundwater to surface at or near the injection points, nor cause any physical, biological, or chemical degradation of groundwater pursuant to the UIC regulations.
  - c. Monitoring and reporting shall be conducted pursuant to the following: 1) the approved corrective action Workplan; 2) the corresponding category sampling required in Part I.A.6.; <u>and</u> 3) any additional UIC monitoring requirements identified on page 1 of this permit.
  - d. If, during operation of this facility, the Permittee or their representatives become aware of any condition which degrades the quality of the aquifer (outside of the treatment zone for injection), injection shall cease immediately and the UIC Program shall be notified pursuant to Part II.B.2.
  - e. Surface discharges are not authorized by this permit.

#### 3. Monitoring and Reporting Requirements:

The Permittee shall submit semi-annual reports (August 15<sup>th</sup> and February 15<sup>th</sup>) in accordance with Part I.A.7. for UIC activities in a UIC Summary Report submitted to the UIC Program on a continuous basis, whether actively injecting or not.

The required sampling type, frequency and location are shown in Attachment 4.

- a. The UIC Summary Report shall at a minimum contain the following:
  - 1. UIC General Permit and unique ID number.
  - 2. Reporting period: semi-annual period and year; and date submitted.
  - 3. Individual/company reporting.
  - 4. Project name and address.
  - 5. Corrective Action Case Officer name and Facility ID #.
  - 6. Identify which wells were used for injection, which wells were used for extraction (if applicable) and injection rate, volume, date, time and concentration of the substance injected. If no injection occurred, state so in report.
  - 7. The results of the sampling analyses and monitoring as required by the tables above.
  - 8. Is free product present on-site? If free product is encountered, indicate free product type(s) and date(s) observed.
  - 9. Brief summary detailing normal and any unusual activities.
  - 10. Statement that all required CA Reports have been provided to the appropriate regulatory agency.
  - 11. Name, title and signature of authorized reporting individual.
  - 12. Quarterly Injection Monitoring Reports with laboratory analytical results and chain-of-custody documentation must be sent to the UIC Program and included in corrective action monitoring

- reports. A copy of each corrective action monitoring report must be provided to the UIC Program.
- 4. Monitoring results and other requirements obtained during the previous reporting period, whether injection has occurred or not, shall be summarized for each month and reported <u>no later than 45 days</u> following the end of the reporting period (January-March, April-June, July-September, October-December).

**Signed copies of the aforementioned monitoring reports** shall be submitted to the UIC program at the following address:

Nevada Division of Environmental Protection Bureau of Water Pollution Control Attn: UIC Program | Injection Monitoring Report 901 South Stewart Street, Suite 4001 Carson City, Nevada 89701

5. Monitoring and system management shall continue for a period of not less than one year following remedial system shutdown approval. **Decisions regarding terminating Corrective Actions** (remediation) per NAC 445A.22745 and decisions regarding no further action for the Site per NAC 445A.22725 will be made by the BCA after monitoring groundwater conditions for a minimum of one (1) year per NAC 445A.22745 (2).

A request may be submitted to the UIC program to cease reporting during the one-year monitoring period, or to cancel the UIC permit. Permittee must notify the UIC Program in writing of this request; and for cancellation, must indicate their understanding of the consequences of cancellation prior to receiving final closure approval. Following an evaluation by the UIC Program, the Permittee will be notified in writing granting cancellation or denial of cancellation with rational for such action. Requests for cancellation must contain: 1) Either certification of well abandonment OR written confirmation from a regulatory agency for continued use as monitoring wells on a well by well basis; 2) final UIC monitoring report; and 3) Notice of Termination U310 Form 4) any affidavits not already on file in UIC permit. Any wells that are not needed for monitoring are required to be properly abandoned prior to UIC permit cancellation.

- 6. The Permittee shall operate and maintain the system per established procedures and as approved by the Division. Any modification to the injection practices which is not approved on page 1 of this permit requires submission of changes and re-issuance of this permit by the UIC Program prior to implementation.
- 7. Nothing in this authorization shall be construed to eliminate the responsibility for remediation of this site. Remediation shall be accomplished in accordance with plans approved by the BCA, or other Stateapproved corrective action program.
- 8. The Permittee shall submit the annual review and services fee in accordance with NAC 445A.872 starting **July 1st** of the year immediately following permit issuance and every year thereafter while the Permittee is authorized to inject under the general permit.
- 9. Upon completion of the remediation project, all wells shall be abandoned pursuant to current Division of Water Resources (DWR) regulations (NAC 534) and by UIC regulations by filling them with cement grout from total depth to land surface. A driller licensed in the state of Nevada shall perform all abandonment work.

#### B. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

- 1. The Permittee shall implement and comply with the provisions of the schedule of compliance after approval by the Administrator, including in said implementation and compliance, any additions or modifications which the Administrator may make in approving the schedule of compliance.
  - a. The Permittee shall achieve compliance with the conditions, limitations and requirements of the

- permit at the commencement of relevant activity.
- b. The Permittee shall submit any items listed in this General Permit issuance letter as required.

#### **PART II**

#### A. RECORDKEEPING AND OTHER MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Minimum Requirements for Sampling and Monitoring
  - a. Definition: "grab" sample means either a single discrete sample or individual samples collected over a period of time not to exceed 15 minutes. Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and/or nature of the subject of interest.
  - b. A laboratory <u>certified</u> by the State of Nevada must perform analyses. Testing methods for constituents must be EPA or Division approved and meet drinking water analysis requirements.
  - c. The analytical method detection/reporting limits for the constituents listed above must be at least as low as primary or secondary drinking water standards when applicable.
  - d. The UIC Program requires inorganic analyses of metals for "Total Metals" in which samples are not filtered and are preserved with a weak acid in the field. Any exceptions to this policy must be requested and pre-approved by the UIC program prior to the sampling event. It must be clearly stated on all reports which analyses were performed.
  - e. All gauges and/or flow meters used for compliance with this permit shall be calibrated pursuant to O&M manual (or standard industry specifications), and documented in the monitoring reports.
  - f. Water samples shall be 1) collected by grab method, and 2) <u>unfiltered for metals analysis</u>; unless otherwise approved by the Division in writing.
  - g. Annual, semi-annual and quarterly samples shall be collected during the same month(s) each year.
  - h. All UIC water samples shall be collected using UIC Form U230, and the completed U230 forms submitted for each water sample with the UIC report.
  - i. Test procedures for the analyses of required constituents shall comply with applicable analytical methods cited in 40 CFR 141 and under state of Nevada Drinking Water Program approved analytical methods, under which such procedures may be required, unless other procedures are approved by the Administrator.
  - j. When sampling for radioactive constituents, ensure the laboratory reports only the <u>adjusted</u> gross alpha, as the drinking water standard of 15 pCi/L is an adjusted standard that subtracts radon and uranium from the total activity. Uranium is added in List 2 to verify value and additional activity.
  - k. Monitoring points or constituents may be increased or decreased by the Division for good cause.
- 2. **Recording of Results** For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the Permittee shall record the following information:
  - a. Chain-of-custody sheets with the exact place, date, and time of sampling;
  - b. The dates the analyses were performed;
  - c. The person(s) who performed the analyses;
  - d. The analytical techniques or methods used;
  - e. The results of all required analyses;
  - f. The precision and accuracy of the analytical data; and
  - g. Raw laboratory data result sheets.
- 3. **Additional Monitoring by Permittee** If the Permittee monitors any constituent at the location(s) designated herein more frequently than required by this permit, or monitors additional constituents other than those required by this permit, using approved analytical methods as specified above, the results of such monitoring shall be made available to the Division.
- 4. **Records Retention** All records and information resulting from the monitoring activities required by this permit, including all records and analyses performed, calibration and maintenance of instrumentation, and recordings from continuous monitoring instrumentation, **shall be retained for a minimum of three** (3) years, or longer if required by the Administrator.

5. **Modification of Monitoring Frequency, Location and Sample Type** – After considering monitoring data, discharge flow or receiving water conditions, the Division may, for just cause, modify the monitoring frequency, location and/or sample type by issuing a Notice or an Administrative Order to the Permittee.

#### **B. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS**

- 1. Change in Injection or Discharge All injection or discharges authorized herein shall be consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit. The discharge of any constituent identified in this permit more frequently than or at a level in excess of that authorized shall constitute a violation of the permit. Any anticipated facility expansions, or treatment modifications which will result in new, different, or increased injection or discharges must be reported by submission of a new application or, if such changes will not violate the limitations specified in this permit, by notice to the permit issuing authority of such changes. Following such notice, the permit may be modified to specify and limit any constituents not previously limited.
- 2. **Noncompliance Notification** If, for any reason, the Permittee does not comply with or will be unable to comply with the conditions, requirements and limitations specified in this permit, the Permittee shall provide the Administrator with the following information, in writing, within five (5) days of becoming aware of such conditions:
  - a. A description of the noncompliance or violation.
  - b. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, or if not corrected, the time the noncompliance is expected to continue, and steps being taken to reduce, eliminate and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance.
  - c. Notification shall be provided verbally as soon as possible but not later than the end of the first working day after learning of the violation.
- 3. **Facilities Operation** The Permittee shall at all times maintain in good working order and operate as efficiently as possible, all treatment or control facilities, devices or systems installed or used by the Permittee to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.
- 4. **Adverse Impact** The Permittee shall take all reasonable steps, including such accelerated or additional monitoring as necessary to determine the nature and impact of the non-complying injection or discharge, to minimize any adverse impact to waters of the State resulting from noncompliance with any limitations specified in this permit.
- 5. **Bypass** Any diversion from or bypass of facilities necessary to maintain compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit is prohibited except where unavoidable to prevent loss of life or severe property damage. The Division will have the final authority in the determination of whether a discharge is deemed unavoidable. The Permittee shall promptly notify the Administrator in writing of each such diversion or bypass, in accordance with the procedure specified in Part II.B.2 above.

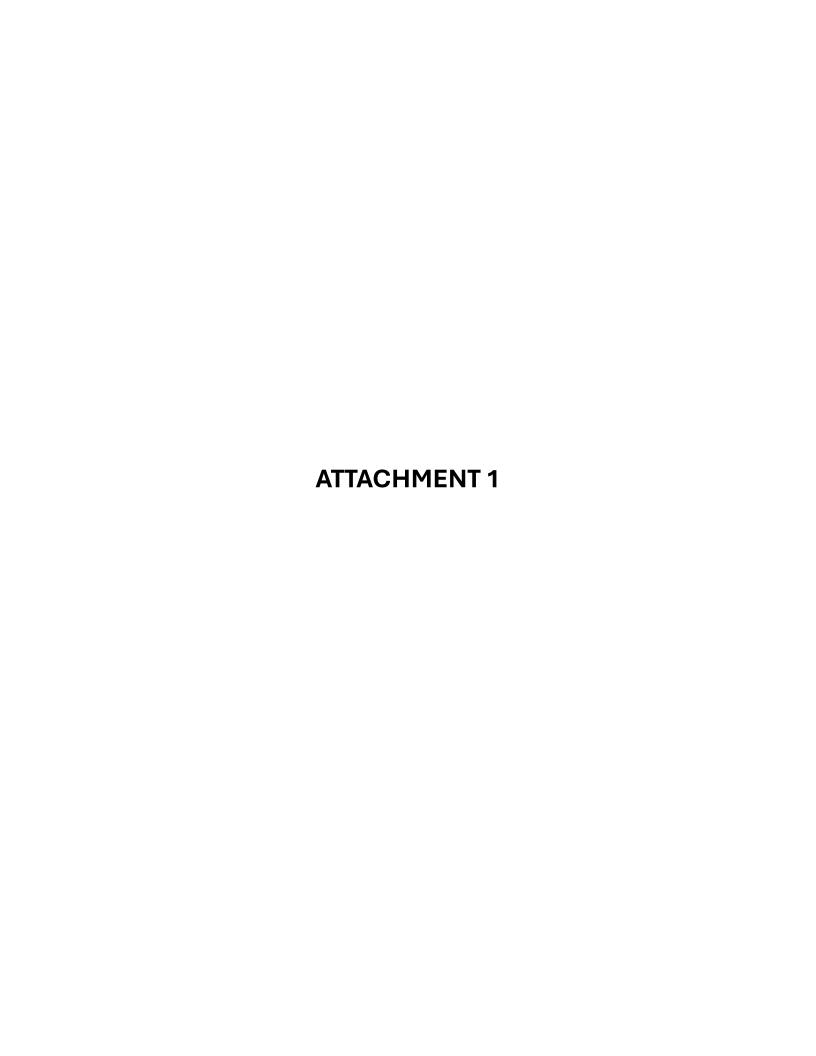
#### C. RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1. **Right of Entry** Pursuant to NRS 445A.655, the Permittee shall allow the Administrator and/or his authorized representatives, upon the presentation of credentials:
  - a. To enter upon the Permittee's premises where a source is located or in which any records are required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit;
  - b. To have access to and copy any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit;
  - c. To inspect any monitoring equipment or monitoring method required in this permit; and
  - d. To perform any necessary sampling to determine compliance with this permit or to sample any injection or discharge.

- 2. **Transfer of Ownership or Control** In the event of any change in ownership or control, the Permittee shall notify the succeeding owner of the existence of this permit, in writing, at the earliest possible date to allow sufficient time for the succeeding owner to demonstrate financial responsibility to the Division within 30 days prior to transfer of ownership. The letter shall include the date agreed upon by both parties for the transfer of ownership. A copy of the letter shall be forwarded to the Administrator. The Administrator of the Division of Environmental Protection shall approve all transfers of permits. The Administrator may require modification, or revocation with subsequent reissuance of the permit, to change the name of the new Permittee and incorporate additional requirements as deemed necessary due to any changes made to the injection wells or system by the new Permittee.
- 3. **Availability of Reports** Except for data determined to be confidential under NRS 445A.665, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection. Knowingly making any false statement on any such report may result in the imposition of criminal penalties as provided for in NRS 445A.710.
- 4. **Permit Modification, Suspension or Revocation** After notice and opportunity for a hearing, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:
  - a. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;
  - b. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or
  - c. A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the injection or discharge.

#### 5. Civil and Criminal Liability

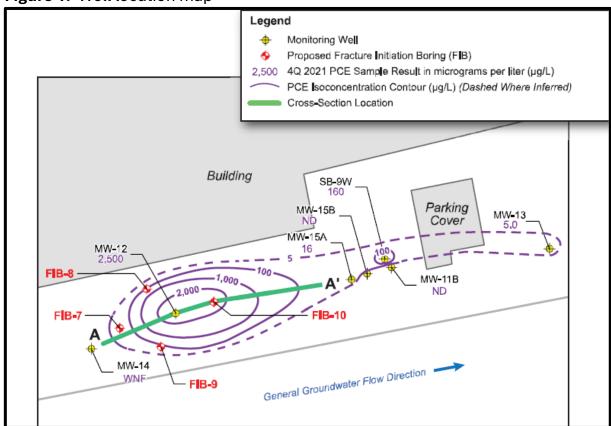
- a. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the Permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance.
- b. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the Permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable State law or regulation.
- c. The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights, in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, State or local laws or regulations.
- **6.** Compliance with Regulations The Permittee shall comply with all provisions of the UIC regulations, NAC 445A.810 through 445A.925, and all pertinent laws and regulations. Nothing in this permit relieves the Permittee from responsibilities, liabilities or penalties established by any other state, federal or local jurisdiction.



**Table 1.** Well Information.

Well Name	Well Type	-atitude °N (WGS84)	Longitude <sup>o</sup> W (WGS84)	Elevation (ft amsl)	Screening/Fracture Intervals (ft bgs)
FIB-7	×	39.520917	<u>5</u> 119.980139	4,840	30-35
rib-/		39.320917	119.960159	4,040	
					35-40
FIB-8		39.520917	119.980139	4,840	21-26
"		11	"	"	35-41
FIB-9	1.2	39.520917	119.980139	4,840	20-25
11	Injection	11	11	11	32-37
"		11	11	11	38-43
"		11	11	"	43-48
FIB-10		39.520917	119.980139	4,840	24-29
II		II	11	11	30-35
MW-12		39.520917	119.980139	4,840	17-32
MW-15A	Monitoring	39.521000	119.979722	4,840	18-28
MW-13		39.520972	119.980167	4,840	16-31

Figure 1. Well location map

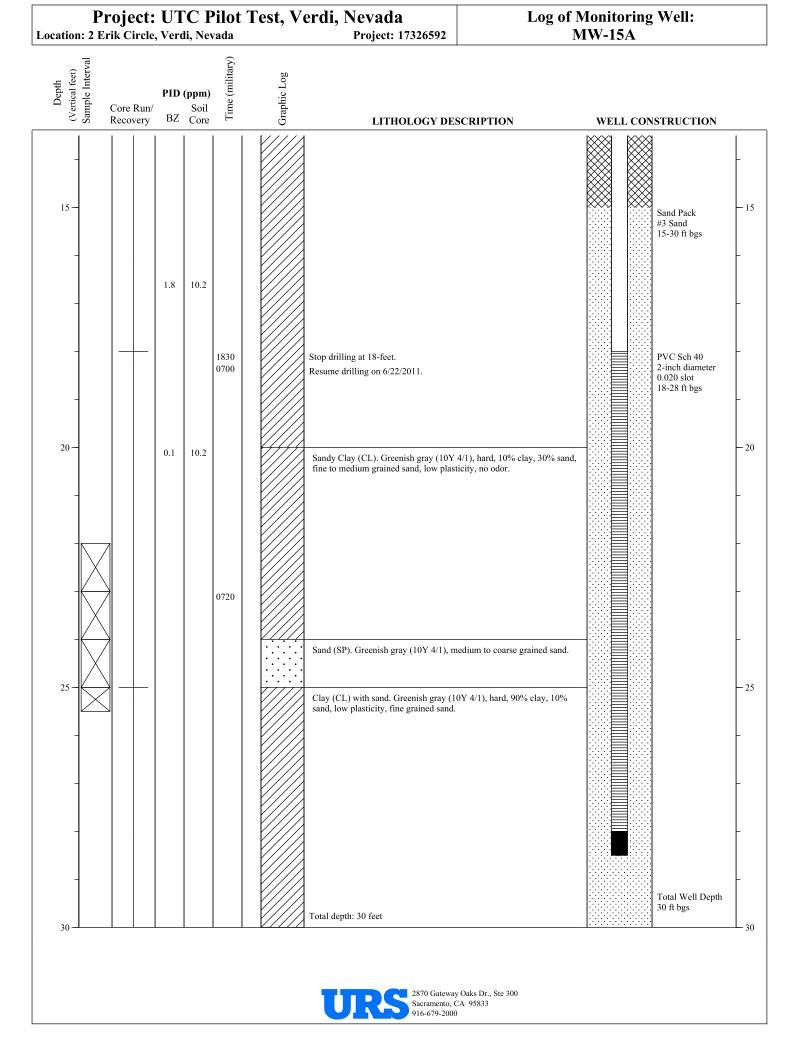


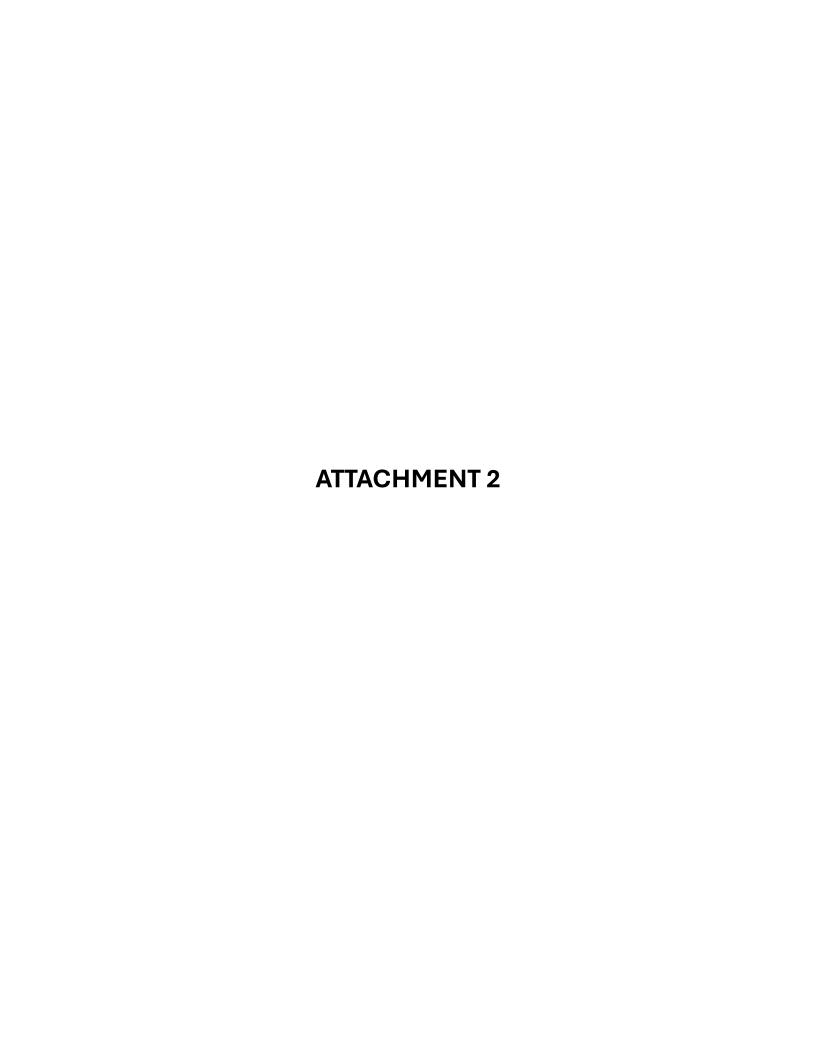
**Project: UTC** Wells MFG. Log of Monitoring Well: MW-12 Project Number: 17326196.30001 Location: Verdi, NV Dates Drilled: 7/7/2009 Total Depth: 35 Ft. Bgs. Borehole Name: Drilling Contractor: WDC Well Construction Date: 7/7/2009 Logged By: Mike Desmet Casing Type: Sch. 40 PVC Borehole Diameter: 7 5/8-inch Casing Diameter: 2 inches Checked By: Screen Interval: 17-32 Drilling Method: Vibratory Sonic Slot Size: 2 inches Sampling Method: Northing: Ground Surface Elevation: TOC Elevation: Comments: Easting: 4840.5 ft msl 14866311.2 2231098.8 4840.2 ft msl Graphic Log LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION WELL CONSTRUCTION Asphalt Aggregate Base Rock Sandy clay w/ gravel (CL), 70% fines, low to medium plasticity, 30% fine to coarse sand, occasional gravel, moist, brown (10 YR 5/3) Black casing 2" sched 40 PVC Lean clay (CL), 90% fines, medium plasticity, 10% fine 0.5-17 feet sand, trace medium to coarse, slightly moist, light olive brown (2.5 Y 5/3) Grouted with neat cement 0.5-12 feet 10 10 Bentonite seal 12-15 feet Observe consolidated sandy clay frags, greenish gray (5 GY 4/1), very hard, 80% fines, 20% fine sand, moist 15 15 Sandy clay (CL), 60% fines, medium plasticity, 40% fine to medium sand, greenish gray (5 GY 4/1) Filter pack monterey #3 sand 15-32 feet 20 20 Decreasing medium sand content Sandy clay (CL), 60% fines, low plasticity, 40% fine sand, greenish gray (5 GY 4/1), trace medium sand Sandy clay (CL), 70% fines, low plasticity, 30% fine to medium sand, dark greenish gray (5 GY 4/1) 25 25 0.020 slot sched 40 PVC screen Lean clay (CL), 90% fines, 10% fine sand,dark brown to 17-32 feet black, (7.5 YR 3/2) to (7.5 YR 4/1) Silty clay w/ fine sand (CM), 90% fines, low plasticity. 10% fine sand, greenish gray (5 GY 4/1) 30 30 Backfill to 32 ft bgs, Bentonite chips 35

**Project: UTC** Wells MFG. Log of Monitoring Well: MW-13 Project Number: 17326196.30001 Location: Verdi, NV Total Depth: 35 Ft. Bgs. Dates Drilled: 7/7/2009 Borehole Name: WDC Logged By: Mike Desmet Drilling Contractor: Well Construction Date: 7/7/2009 Casing Type: Sch. 40 PVC Borehole Diameter: 7 5/8-inch Casing Diameter: 2 inches Checked By: Screen Interval: 16-31 Slot Size: 2 inches Sampling Method: Drilling Method: Vibratory Sonic Northing: Easting: TOC Elevation: Comments: Ground Surface Elevation: 4839.9 ft msl 14866328.6 2231218.9 4840.2 ft msl Time LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION WELL CONSTRUCTION Aggregate Base Rock Granitic Alluvium (GW), dark gray (10 YR 5/1) Blank casing 2" sched 40 PVC 0.5-16 feet Grouted with neat cement 0.75-11 feet 10 Bentonite seal 11-14 feet 15 Clayey Sand with cobbles (SP/SM), dark greenish gray (5 GY 5/1), 70% coarse sands to cobbles, 30% fines, low to medium plasticity Filter pack monterey #3 sand Color change to light olive brown (2.5 Y 5/3) 14-31 feet 20 20 Lean Clay, 90% fines, medium plasticity, 10% fine sand, trace medium to coarse, light olive brown (2.5 Y 5/3) Clayey Sand with cobbles (CL), light olive brown (2.5 Y 5/3), 80% fine to very coarse sand, 20% fines, medium plasticity Granitic Alluvium (GW), dark greenish gray (5 GY 5/1), 90% coarse sand to cobbles, 10% fines, low plasticity 25 25 0.020 slot sched 40 PVC screen 16-31 feet No recovery of core 30 30 Lean Clay, dark greenish gray (5 GY 4/1), 90% fines, low plasticity, 10% fine to medium sand 35

<b>Project:</b> Location: 2 Erik Circle,				Test, Verdi, Nevada Project: 1		of Monitorin MW-15A	g Well:	_
Drilling Contractor: Cascad				Drilled by: Amador	Borehole Name: MW-15A	Logged By: Chani	Leimbach	
Drilling Method: Sonic				Dates Drilled: 6/21/2011	Well Construction: 6/22/2011	Checked By:		
Borehole Diameter: 6-inch				Casing Diameter: 2-inch	Casing Type: PVC Sch 40	QC Initial:		
Total Depth Drilled: 30-fee	et			Screen Interval: 18-28 feet bgs	Slot Size: 0.020-inch			
Comments: East of MW-12				+	-1	1		
Depth (Vertical Feet) Sample Interval Recovery	PID (p	opm) Soil Core	Time (military)	Graphic Log	OLOGY DESCRIPTION	WELL CO	NSTRUCTION	
0			1600	Asphalt, 2-3 inches of ba	ase rock.		Well secured in flush-mounted,	$T^0$
-				Sandy Clay (CL) with g 30% sand, low plasticity sand, cobbles up to 10-in	ravel. Brown (10YR 5/3), moist, 70% clay, fine to medium grained sand, trace coars niches.	,,	traffic-rated vault box  Cement grout from near surface to 12 ft bgs	-
5—	1.0 2	2.0	1700	Clay (CL) with gravels. fine to medium sand, co	Dark gray (10YR 4/1), low plasticity, trac bbles up to 5-inches in diameter.		PVC Sch 40 Casing 2-inch diameter 0-18 ft bgs	- -5 -
10-	0.0	2.6	1705	As above except color ch	ange to Brown (10YR 5/3).			- - - 10
			1720		ravel. Dark Gray (10YR 4/1), low plasticit sand, cobbles up to 4-inches in diameter, n		Bentonite Seal 12-15 ft bgs	-









### **Nevada Division of Environmental Protection**

Bureau of Water Pollution Control - Underground Injection Control Program 901 S. Stewart St Ste 4001 Carson City Nevada 89701

# **UIC Form U240 | Chemical Use Request**

FACILITY AND PERMIT INFORMATION							
1) UIC Permit No.: UNEV2024201	3) City/Valley: Verdi						
2) Project/Facility Name: Former Wells Bloomfield Manufacturing Facility	4) County: Washoe County						
5) The water this chemical will come in contact with is:   Cooling tower water   Well water other:							
6) Discuss where the water (in Item #5) will be discharged: aquifer							
7) List other chemicals used in this water: KB-1	7) List other chemicals used in this water: KB-1						
<u>CHEMICAL INFORMATION</u> – Note: Chemical information shall be submitted to the Division that c what concentration/mass). If the information is not provided, the Division will not approve this chemical. Pr							
8) Chemical Name: ABC+TM (Anaerobic BioChem Plus): [ZVI (Zero Valent Iron)]	] + [ABC <sup>®</sup> ]						
	)) CAS No.: see SDS's (Attachment )						
11) Manufacturer's name, phone and address: Redox Tech, LLC, 200 Quade Drive, Cary, No.	C 27513   ph: 919-678-0140						
12) Is the chemical radioactive?  YES  NO Describe: chemical & microbial reducing agen	ts						
13) Is a MSDS sheet available for this chemical? 17 YES NO If YES, attach Is an Environmental Date	ta Sheet (EDS) available? ☐ YE¶ ☐ NO If YES, attach						
14) At working concentration <sup>1</sup> , is the chemical hazardous or toxic to humans, livestock, fish, wildlife?  If Yes, what entity and at what concentrations?:	YES 🗹 NO						
15) If water is discharged to surface at any time, has the NV Division of Wildlife been consulted?	YES 🔽 NO						
CHEMICAL FEED INFORMATION							
16) Estimated use start date: spring 2024							
17) Describe where the chemical is applied to the water: Chemical and Biological Reduction for Soil and Groundwater Treatment.							
18) Describe how the chemical is applied: The chemical (ABC+) is injected into the ground	dwater						
19) Purpose of chemical: ☐ scale inhibitor ☐ corrosions inhibitor ☐ biocide ☐ algaecide ☐ dispersant ☐	surfactant 🔀 Other: <u>Remediation</u>						
20) Describe the frequency of application: One-time application							
21) What is the feed rate of the chemical as it is fed into the water: 30 gallons per r Estimated use per month: 11, 200 pounds of ABC+	minute						
22) What is the $\underline{\text{final, effective concentration}}$ of chemical mixture immediately prior to application: 6.0% At	BC-OLE + 40% ZVI (by mass)						
23) What is the "working" concentration of chemical after mixing with the water in the cooling tower	/well/etc.: Not applicable						
24) Is the bulk storage container properly marked with the chemical name and information?	X YES □ NO						
25) Describe the chemical monitoring before and after application: See approved work plan							
26) Discuss the interaction between the proposed chemicals/additives and chemicals already in use, and the by-products of their interaction:  none known							
FORM COMPLETION							
Print Name of Person Completing Form: Scott Parsons							
Signature: Scott Parsons  1. Working concentration is the chemical concentration within the final water system (e.g. cooling	Date: 8/16/2022						

Signature:	Scull	Parsons		Date:	8/16/2022	
	1. Working concentration is the chemical concentration within the final water system (e.g. c			g. cooling tower sy	ling tower system), found under Item 23 above.	
(P)	1. How	P				
Ch.	- pour	Andrew Kowle	<u>r, Ph.D.                                   </u>	<u>mental Scier</u>	ntist 4/11/2024	
Signature	,	Name	Title		Date	
		DO	NOT WRITE IN THE	S SDACE		

# SAFETY DATA SHEET ABC+TM

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: ABC+, Anaerobic BioChem (ABC®) Plus Zero Valent Iron (ZVI) GENERAL USE: Chemical and Biological Reduction for Soil and Groundwater Treatment

MANUFACTURER:

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:** 

**Redox Tech, LLC** 200 Quade Drive Cary, NC 27513 919-678-0140 Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Product is generally recognized as safe. May cause irritation exposure to eyes. Long term contact to skin may cause some drying and minor irritation.

## 3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Proprietary mixture of:

ABC: Fatty Acids, Glycerol, Phosphate Salts, Emulsifying Agents, Lactates,

Zero Valent Iron (ZVI): Iron with impurities (Carbon, Sulfur, & other metals)

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**EYES:** Immediately flush with water for up to 15 minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

**SKIN:** Rinse with water. Irritation is unlikely, but if irritation occurs or persists, seek medical attention.

**INGESTION:** Generally safe to ingest but not recommended.

**INHALATION:** No first aid required.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Deluge with water

**FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** Product is combustible only at temperatures above 600C. ZVI

should not be mixed with oxidants

Redox Tech, LLC

ABC+™ January 2020

**FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Use flooding with plenty of water, carbon dioxide or other inert gasses. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Deluging with water is the best method to control combustion of the product.

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS: non-combustible

**SENSITIVITY TO IMPACT:** non-sensitive

**SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE:** non-sensitive

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Confine and collect spill. Transfer to an approved DOT container and properly dispose. Do not dispose of or rinse material into sewer, stormwater or surface water. Discharge of product to surface water could result in depressed dissolved oxygen levels and subsequent biological impacts.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**HANDLING:** Protective gloves and safety glasses are recommended.

**STORAGE:** Keep dry. Use first in, first out storage system. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid contamination of opened product. Avoid contact and storage with oxidizing agents.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS – PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **EXPOSURE LIMITS**

Chemical Name	ACGIH	OSHA	Supplier
ABC+	NA	NA	NA

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** None are required

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES and FACE: Safety glasses recommended

**RESPIRATOR:** none necessary

**PROTECTIVE CLOTHING:** None necessary

GLOVES: rubber, latex or neoprene recommended but not required

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Odor: none to mild pleasant organic odor

Appearance: clear to light amber

Auto-ignition Temperature Non-combustible

Boiling Point >600 C
Melting Point NA

Density varies -0.75 to 1.2 grams per ml

Solubility infinite pH 7-9

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Do not contact with strong oxidizers

**STABILITY:** product is stable

POLYMERIZATION: will not occur

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** strong oxidizers **HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** 

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Acute Toxicity**

A: General Product Information

Acute exposure may cause mild skin and eye irritation.

B: Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

No information available.

B: Component Analysis - TDLo/LDLo

TDLo (Oral-Man) none

#### Carcinogenicity

A: General Product Information

No information available.

**B**: Component Carcinogenicity

Product is not listed by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA, NIOSH, or NTP.

#### **Epidemiology**

No information available.

# **Neurotoxicity**

No information available.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Ecotoxicity**

Discharge to water may cause depressed dissolved oxygen and subsequent ecological stresses

### **Environmental Fate**

No potential for food chain concentration

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**DISPOSAL METHOD:** Material is not considered hazardous, but consult with local, state and federal agencies prior to disposal to ensure all applicable laws are met.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOTE: The shipping classification information in this section (Section 14) is meant as a guide to the overall classification of the product. However, transportation classifications may be subject to change with changes in package size. Consult shipper requirements under I.M.O., I.C.A.O. (I.A.T.A.) and 49 CFR to assure regulatory compliance.

#### **US DOT Information**

Shipping Name: Not Regulated Hazard Class: Not Classified UN/NA #: Not Classified Packing Group: None Required Label(s):None

### 50<sup>th</sup>Edition International Air Transport Association (IATA):

Not hazardous and not regulated

# INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS (IMDG)

Material is not regulated under IMDG

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **UNITED STATES**

#### **SARA TITLE III**

SECTION 311 No Hazard for Immediate health Hazard SECTION 312 No Threshold Quantity SECTION 313 Not listed

**CERCLA** NOT REGULATED UNDER CERCLA

TSCA NOT REGULATED UNDER TSCA

**CANADA (WHIMS): NOT REGULATED** 

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

# HMIS:

Health	1
Flammability	0
Physical Hazard	0
Personal Protection	Е

E: Safety Glasses, gloves

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Zero Valent Iron (ZVI)

# Section 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: ZVI

**GENERAL USE:** Chemical reduction of halogenated organics and-or metals

MANUFACTURER: EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:

**Redox Tech, LLC**Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300
200 Quade Drive
+1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

Cary, NC 27513 919-678-0140

# Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical state : Solid (Powder)

Emergency Overview : Potential dust explosion. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

USE WITH CARE.

Follow good industrial hygiene practice

Routes of entry : Demal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eyes : May cause eye irritation.

Skin : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Inhalation : May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential Chronic Effects: : Carcinogenic effects: Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP,

OSHA, EU AND ACGIH. Mutagenic effects: Not available

: Teratogenic effects: Not Available

Medical conditions : Repeated exposure of the eyes to a low level of dust can

produce eye irritation

# Section 3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Greater than 98% Iron CAS# 7439-89-6 Contains carbon, sulfur and other metal impurities.

# Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately

flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Seek medical

attention if irritation occurs

Skin contact : Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : Move person to fresh air. Get medical attention if breathing difficulty

persists

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Material is used as an iron supplement in food and vitamins.

Treatment would be the same as for iron overdose.

## Section 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability of the product Generally non-flammable but susceptible to dust explosion.

Fire-fighting media

Use a fog nozzle to spray water.

Special protective Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment.

Equipment for fire-fighters

Special remarks on fire

As with any finely granulated product, a risk of dust explosion

is present should the material be dispersed in air and exposed to a source of ignition. Fine powder can form

flammable and explosive mixtures in air.

# Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

In case of a significant release, take immediate efforts to minimize discharge to surface water (storm drains, streams, lakes, rivers, etc). If the release occurs in a closed area, take steps to improve ventilation. If improvement of ventilation is not possible, call the fire department. The material can be swept up and placed into approved storage containers. Do not use a vacuum to gather the material because this may result in dispersion of dust particles and increase the risk for a dust explosion.

# Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

The material should be stored in a cool, dry, environment. It is not recommended to store the material in the proximity of oxidants. When handling the product, wear a dusk mask, eye protection and gloves. The product should always be handled in a well ventilated environment.

# Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS – PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls : Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering

controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fumes or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal protection

Eyes : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used and

selected based on the t ask being performed and the risks involved (avoid

exposure to liquid splashed, mists, gases or dusts).

Where there is a risk of exposure to high velocity particles safety glasses or face shield complying with an approved standard should be used to protect against impact. Where there is a risk of exposure to dusts, goggles should be used.

Recommended: Safety glasses.

Respiratory : Dusk mask or respirator is recommended.

Hands : Gloves are recommended

Skin/Body : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved. Risk from dermal contact is minimal.

# Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State : Solid (Powder)

Color : Gray

Melting/freezing point : 1535°C (2795°F)

Specific gravity: 7.88

Bulk density : 2.4 to 3.2 g/cm³ Solubility : Insoluble in water

# Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

The product is reactive with oxidizers. Precautions should be taken not to store or contact the product with oxidizers.

Fine particles of this product (not widely found in this grade) have a potential for a dust explosion. The product should be handled in a well ventilated area where dust generation is minimized.

# Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Effects

Eyes May cause eye irritation.

Skin No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic Health Effects: Carcinogenic effects: Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP,

OSHA, EU and ACGIH

# Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Will reduce dissolved oxygen levels in aquatic ecosystems. Direct discharge to surface water should be avoided.

# Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized to the extent practical. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should be completed in an environmentally responsible manner that complies with all local, state and federal laws.

# Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification:

AND/ADR/TDG/DOT/IMDG/IATA: Not regulated.

# **Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

This product is not regulated in the United States and Canada. The user should ensure this product is not regulated where used.

# **Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Health	0
Fire Hazard	1
Reactivity	1
Personal Protection	С



#### **Nevada Division of Environmental Protection**

Bureau of Water Pollution Control - Underground Injection Control Program 901 S. Stewart St Ste 4001 Carson City Nevada 89701

# **UIC Form U240 | Chemical Use Request**

FACILITY AND PERMIT INFORMATION					
1) UIC Permit No.: UNEV2024201	3) City/Valley: Verdi				
2) Project/Facility Name: Former Wells Bloomfield Manufacturing Facility	4) County: Washoe County				
5) The water this chemical will come in contact with is:   Cooling tower water   Well water  other:					
6) Discuss where the water (in Item #5) will be discharged: aquifer					
7) List other chemicals used in this water: ABC+ <sup>TM</sup>					
<u>CHEMICAL INFORMATION</u> – Note: Chemical information shall be submitted to the Division that concentration/mass). If the information is not provided, the Division will not approve this chemical. Provided to the Division will not approve the chemical of	learly states the chemical composition (what's in it and at oprietary information may be submitted confidentially.				
8) Chemical Name: KB-1					
9) Chemical formula: see SDS's	CAS No.: see SDS's				
11) Manufacturer's name, phone and address: Redox Tech, LLC, 200 Quade Drive, Cary, NO	C 27513   ph: 919-678-0140				
12) Is the chemical radioactive? TYES V NO Describe: chemical & microbial reducing agent	s				
13) Is a MSDS sheet available for this chemical?    NO If YES, attach    Is an Environmental Da	ta Sheet (EDS) available?   YES   NO If YES, attach				
14) At working concentration¹, is the chemical hazardous or toxic to humans, livestock, fish, wildlife?  If Yes, what entity and at what concentrations?:  □ YES ☑ NO					
15) If water is discharged to surface at any time, has the NV Division of Wildlife been consulted?	YES 🔽 NO				
CHEMICAL FEED INFORMATION					
16) Estimated use start date: spring 2024					
17) Describe where the chemical is applied to the water: Chemical and Biological Reduction for Soil and Groundwater Treatment.					
18) Describe how the chemical is applied: Additive (KB-1) is injected into the groundwater	•				
19) Purpose of chemical: ☐ scale inhibitor ☐ corrosions inhibitor ☐ biocide ☐ algaecide ☐ dispersant ☐	] surfactant 🔯 Other: <u>Remediation</u>				
20) Describe the frequency of application: Once					
21) What is the feed rate of the chemical as it is fed into the water: 30 gallons per m Estimated use per month: 6L total (negligible feed rate)	ninute				
22) What is the final, effective concentration of chemical mixture immediately prior to application: 100%	KB-1				
23) What is the "working" concentration of chemical after mixing with the water in the cooling tower	/well/etc.: 100% KB-1				
24) Is the bulk storage container properly marked with the chemical name and information?	ŢYES □NO				
25) Describe the chemical monitoring before and after application: See approved work plan					
26) Discuss the interaction between the proposed chemicals/additives and chemicals already in use, and the by-products of their interaction: <a href="mailto:none-known">none-known</a> KB-1 facilitates full degradation of chlorinated solvents in the presence of C substrate (e.g., ABC+)					
FORM COMPLETION					
Print Name of Person Completing Form: Scott Parsons					
Signature: Scull Parsons	Date: 8/16/2022				

Olgitature	. 000 00 10002	0.00		Date: 8/16/20	)
Working concentration is the chemical concentration within the final water system (e.g. cooling to			ower system), found un	der Item 23 above.	
Or	1. Howle	Andrew Kowler, Ph.D.	Environmental S	Scientist	4/11/2024
Signature	7	Name	Title		Date
		DO NOT WRITE	IN THIS SPAC	E	



# KB-1<sup>®</sup> Material Safety Data Sheet

#### **Section 1: Material Identification**

Trade Name: KB-1®

Chemical Family: bacterial mixture

Chemical name: No IUC name for mixture is known to exist

Manufacturer/Supplier: SiREM

130 Research Lane, Suite 2,

Guelph, Ontario, Canada N1G 5G3

For Information call: 519-822-2265 / 1-866-251-1747 x236

**Emergency Number:** 519-822-2265

**Description:** Microbial inoculum (non-pathogenic, non-hazardous)

Trade Name: KB-1®

**Product Use:** Bioremediation of contaminated groundwater.

**Date Prepared:** 2 February 2005

#### Section 2: Composition, Information on Ingredients

KB-1<sup>®</sup> is a microbial culture grown in an aqueous dilute mineral salt solution media containing no hazardous ingredients.

The microbial composition of KB-1<sup>®</sup> (as determined by phylogenetic analysis) is listed in the table immediately below. Identification of organisms was obtained by matching 16S rRNA gene sequence of organisms in KB-1<sup>®</sup> to other known organisms. The characteristics of related organisms can be used to identify potential or likely characteristics of organisms in KB-1<sup>®</sup>.

### Genus' Identified in KB-1® Microbial Inoculum

Genus
Dehalococcoides sp.
Geobacter sp.
Methanomethlovorans sp.

### **Section 3: Hazards Identification:**

A review of the available data does not indicate any known health effects related to normal use of this product.

#### **Section 4: First Aid Measures:**

Avoid direct contact with skin and eyes. In any case of any exposure which elicits a response, a physician should be consulted immediately.

**Eye Contact:** Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lift upper and lower eyelids, if undue irritation or redness occurs seek medical attention.

**Skin Contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with water and antibacterial soap. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or open wounds are present.





Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting, drink several cups of water, seek medical attention.

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. In case of labored breathing give oxygen. Call a physician.

#### **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures:**

Non-flammable

Flash Point: not applicable

Upper flammable limit: not applicable Lower flammable limit: not applicable

#### <u>Section 6 – Accidental Release Procedures</u>

Spilled KB-1<sup>®</sup> should be soaked up with sorbant and saturated with a 10% bleach solution (prepared by making a one in ten dilution of diluted standard bleach [normally sold at a strength of 5.25% sodium hypochlorite] to disinfect affected surfaces. Sorbant should be double bagged and disposed of as indicated in section 12. After removal of sorbant, area should be washed with 10% bleach solution to disinfect. If liquid from the culture vessel is present on the fittings, non-designated tubing or exterior of the stainless steel pressure vessel liquid should be wiped off and the area washed with 10% bleach solution.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

KB-1<sup>®</sup> is shipped in stainless steel pressure vessels and connected to injection lines and inert gas is used to pressurize the vessel to displace the contents. KB-1<sup>®</sup> should be handled with care to avoid any spillage. Vessels are shipped with 1 pound per square inch (psi) pressure; valves should not be opened until connections to appropriate lines for subsurface injection are in place.

**Storage Requirements:** Avoid exposing stainless steel pressure vessels to undue temperature extremes (i.e., temperatures less than 0°C or greater than 30°C may result in harm to the microbial cultures and damage to the vessels). All valves should be in the closed position when the vessel is not pressurized or not in use to prevent the escape of gases and to maintain anaerobic conditions in the vessel. Avoid exposure of the culture to air as the presence of oxygen will kill dechlorinating microorganisms.

#### Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### Personal protective equipment:

Skin: Protective gloves (latex, vinyl or nitrile) should be worn.

Eye Protection: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or goggles when opening pressure vessels,

valves, or when pressurizing vessels to inject contents into the subsurface.

Respiratory: No respiratory protection is required.

Engineering Controls: Good general room ventilation is expected to be adequate.

# **Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties:**

Physical State: liquid Odour: skunky odour

Appearance: dark grey, slightly turbid liquid under anaerobic conditions, pink if exposed to air (oxygen).

Specific gravity: not determined Vapor pressure: not applicable Vapor density: not applicable Evaporation rate: not determined

Boiling point: ~100° C

Freezing point/melting point: ~ 0°C





pH: 6.5-7.5

Solubility: fully soluble in water

#### Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity Data

Stable and non-reactive.

Maintain under anaerobic conditions to preserve product integrity.

Materials to avoid: none known

#### **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

Potential for Pathogenicity:

KB-1<sup>®</sup> has tested negative (i.e., the organisms are not present) for a variety of pathogenic organisms listed in the table immediately below. While there is no evidence that virulent pathogenic organisms are present in KB-1<sup>®</sup>, there is potential that certain organisms in KB-1<sup>®</sup> may have the potential to act as opportunistic (mild) pathogens, particularly in individuals with open wounds and/or compromised immune systems. For this reason standard hygienic procedures such as hand washing after use should be observed.

# Results of Human Pathogen Screening of KB-1<sup>®</sup> Dechlorinator

Organism	Disease(s) Caused	Test result
Salmonella sp.	Typhoid fever, gastroenteritis	Not Detected
Listeria monocytogenes	Listerioses	Not Detected
Vibrio sp.,	Cholera, gastroenteritis	Not Detected
Campylobacter sp.,	Bacterial diarrhea	Not Detected
Clostridia sp.,	Food poisoning, Botulism, tetanus, gas gangrene	Not Detected
Bacillus anthracis	Anthrax	Not Detected
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Wound infection	Not Detected
Yersinia sp.,	Bubonic Plague, intestinal infection	Not Detected
Yeast and Mold	Candidiasis, Yeast infection etc.	Not Detected
Fecal coliforms	Indicator organisms for many human pathogens diarrhea, urinary tract infections	Not Detected
Enterococci	Various opportunistic infections	Not Detected

#### **Section 12. Disposal Considerations**

Material must be disinfected or sterilized prior to disposal. Consult local regulations prior to disposal.

#### Section 13 - Transport Information

Non-hazardous, non-pathogenic microbial inoculum – Biosafety Risk Group 1.

Chemicals, Not Otherwise Indexed (NOI), Non-hazardous

Not subject to TDG or DOT guidelines.





# **Disclaimer:**

The information provided on this MSDS sheet is based on current data and represents our opinion based on the current standard of practice as to the proper use and handling of this product under normal, reasonably foreseeable conditions.

Last revised: 2 August 2011





# Chemical Components in KB-1<sup>®</sup> Growth Media

KB-1<sup>®</sup> consists of a microbial culture grown in a growth media comprised mostly of inorganic mineral salts (see ingredients listed in table immediately below).

# Chemical Ingredients of KB-1<sup>®</sup> growth media

Chemical Name	Formula	CAS#	Concentration grams/Liter
Potassium Phosphate Dibasic	KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	7758-11-4	0.27
Potassium Phosphate Monobasic	K <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	7778-77-0	0.34
Ammonium Chloride	NH4CI	12125-02-9	0.535
Calcium Chloride	CaCl <sub>2</sub>	10035-04-8	0.07
Magnesium Sulfate	MgSO <sub>4</sub>	10034-99-8	0.125
Ferrous Chloride	FeCl <sub>2</sub>	13478	0.02
Sodium bicarbonate	NaHCO <sub>3</sub>	144-55-8	2.0
Ferrous Ammonium Sulfate	(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Fe(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	7783-85-9	0.4
Sodium sulfide	Na <sub>2</sub> S	1313-84-4	0.12
Resazurin	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>6</sub> NNaO <sub>4</sub>	62758-13-8	0.001
Boric Acid	H <sub>3</sub> BO <sub>3</sub>	10043-35-3	0.0006
Zinc Chloride	ZnCl	7646-85-7	0.0002
Sodium Molybdate	Na <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	10102-40-6	0.0002
Nickel II Chloride	NiCl <sub>2</sub>	7791-20-0	0.0015
Manganese Chloride	MnCl <sub>2</sub>	13446-34-9	0.002
Copper II Chloride	CuCl <sub>2</sub>	10125-13-0	0.0002
Cobalt Chloride	CoCl <sub>2</sub>	7791-13-1	0.003
Disodium Selenite	Na <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>	10102-18-8	0.00004
Aluminum Trisulfate	Al <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	10043-01-3	0.0002
Vitamins	Various	Various	0.01 maximum



#### KB-1® and KB-1® Plus for Remediation of Chlorinated Solvents

- 1. Phil Dennis, SiREM
- 2. Anaerobic bioaugmentation cultures containing the dechlorinating bacteria *Dehalococcoides*, *Dehalobacter*, *Dehalogenimonas and Geobacter*
- 3. MSDS/technical information attached
- 4. Number of field scale applications to date: hundreds of sites
- 5. Case studies attached

KB-1® and KB-1® Plus are natural, non-pathogenic, anaerobic microbial consortiums (mixed cultures) proven to rapidly and completely degrade chlorinated solvents such as tetrachloroethene (PCE), trichloroethene, cis-1,2-dichloroethene, 1,1-dichloroethene and vinyl chloride, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, 1,1-dichloroethane 1,2-dichloroethane, 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2-trichloroethane, chloroform, and dichloromethane to non-toxic, environmentally acceptable, end products such as ethane, ethane and acetate. These cultures and were derived from naturally occurring bacterial populations found in soil and groundwater at chlorinated solvent sites located in North America and are not genetically modified.

The KB-1® and KB-1 Plus cultures are produced in SiREM's facility in Guelph, Ontario, under sterile conditions following stringent quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures. The cultures are routinely screened for pathogens and pathogens have not been detected since large scale production commenced in 2002. The cultures are shipped to the application site in stainless steel vessels by express courier and are applied under anaerobic conditions to prevent the exposure of oxygen sensitive microbes to air.

KB-1® and KB-1® Plus have been applied at more than 60 sites in California including several sites in the Los Angeles region. The cultures have received waste discharge requirement (WDR) approval from California Regional Water Quality Boards in 7 of 9 regions. KB-1® has also been approved for injection in other jurisdictions, KB-1® was added to Environment Canada's Domestic Substances List in 2008 (DSL) for use in groundwater remediation in Canada. KB-1® and selected KB-1® Plus cultures are approved as groundwater injectants by the North Carolina Department of Water Quality. KB-1® and KB-1® Plus were approved in 2012 for import into Australia and have a history of safe use in and in 39 US states, Canada, 5 European countries and Malaysia.

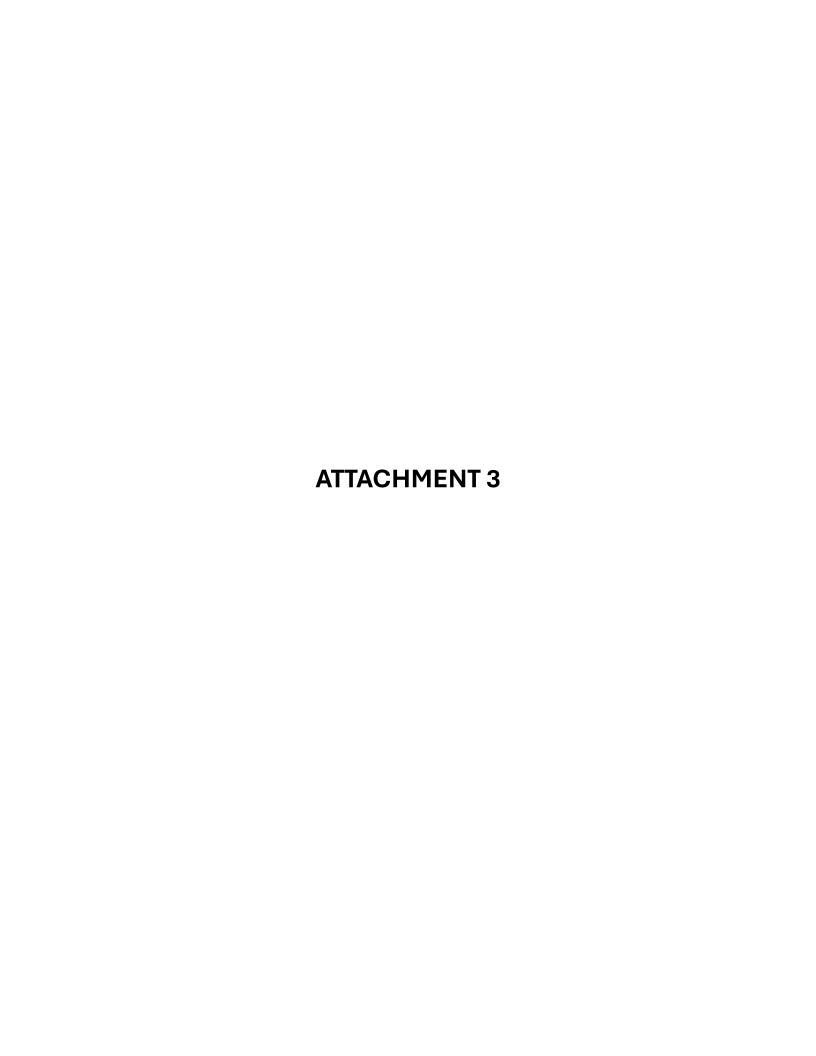


Table 2. High-Pressure Injection of Municipal Hydrant Water

Injection Well (direct-push boreholes)	Injection Zone (ft bgs)	Injection Limits		
		Total Vol (gal)	1 0,	
			Initial	Lateral
			Jet	Propagation
FIB-7	30-35	25	400	250
110-7	35-40	25	400	250
FIB-8	21-26	25	400	250
	35-41	25	400	250
FIB-9	20-25	25	400	250
	32-37	25	400	250
	38-43	25	400	250
	43-48	25	400	250
FIB-10	24-35	25	400	250
LID-10	30-35	25	400	250

**TABLE 3.** Injection of ABC+™ (Bioremediation Amendment Phase I)

Injection Well (borehole)	Injection Limits at Wellhead				
	Volume (gal) Mass (lbs) Flow (gpm) Pressure (ps				
FIB-7	7,775	2,245	50	400	
FIB-8	7,775	2,245	50	400	
FIB-9	15,545	4,490	50	400	
FIB-10	7,775	2,245	50	400	

**TABLE 4.** Injection of KB-1® (Bioremediation Amendment Phase 2)

Injection Well (borehole)	Injection Limits at Wellhead			
	Volume (L)	Mass (lbs)	Flow (gpm)	Pressure (psig)
FIB-7	1.5	NA	NA	0
FIB-8	1.5	NA	NA	0
FIB-9	1.5	NA	NA	0
FIB-10	1.5	NA	NA	0

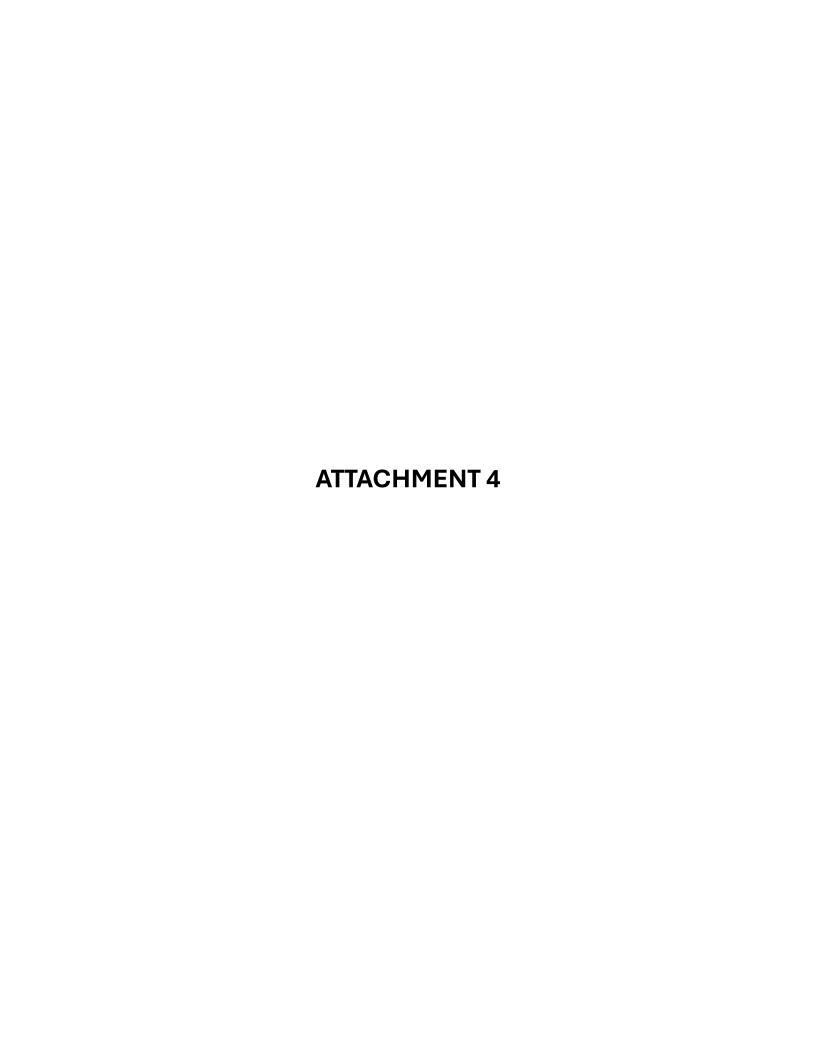


 Table 5.
 Monitoring well sampling locations, schedule, & laboratory analytes.

	0	,	-		
Well Name	Relative Hydraulic Position	Sampling Frequency	UIC Analyte List 2 (Table 7)	Performance Monitoring Analytes (Table 6)	Dissolved Organic Carbon
MW-12	Central	7th day & Quarterly	Х	Х	Х
MW-15A	Transition	7th day & Quarterly	Х	Х	Х
MW-13	Downgradient	7th day & Quarterly	Х	Х	Х

**Table 6.** Performance monitoring analytes and schedule in work plan.

Table 0.	renormance monitoring analytes and schedule in work pi				
Monitoring	Purpose	Frequency of	Analytes to be	Field	
Well	Sampling		Sampled	Parameters	
MW-12	Treatment	Post-injection; then Quarterly in accordance with UIC Permit	VOCs by SW8260B Nitrate and Sulfate by E300.0 Total and Dissolved Metals by SW6020 TDS by SM2540C TOC by SM5310B PCR analysis (Dhc, BVC, TCE, and VCr)*	DTW DO ORP EC pH Temperature Ferrous iron (HACH)	
MW-15A	Transition	Post-injection; then Quarterly in accordance with UIC Permit	VOCs by SW8260B  Nitrate and Sulfate by E300.0  Total and Dissolved Metals by SW6020  TDS by SM2540C  TOC by SM5310B	DTW DO ORP EC pH Temperature Ferrous iron (HACH)	
MW-13	Downgradient	Post-injection; then Quarterly in accordance with UIC Permit	Total and     Dissolved Metals     by SW6020     TDS by SM2540C	DTW DO ORP EC pH Temperature Ferrous iron (HACH)	

#### Notes

\* qPCR analysis will be performed during three rounds of sampling events, including baseline sampling.

BVC = BAV1 Vinyl Chloride Reductase

Dhc = Dehalococcoides

DO = dissolved oxygen

DTW = depth to water

EC = electrical conductivity

MW = monitoring well

ORP = oxidation-reduction potential

TCE = tceA Reductase

TDS = total dissolved solids

TOC = total organic carbon

VCr = vinyl chloride reductase

Table 7. Inorganic analytes

Nevad	la Division of E		rotection - Underg	ound Injection Control Program t Form	
Facility Name :		Sampled-water origin (ft bgs TVD) :			
		County:			
NDEP UIC Permit # :		Loc: Proj	Lat	Long	
Well No.:		Sampler:			
Type of Well: Mon Ob	s Prod Inj	Date Sampled :	:		
UIC Sample List 2 (Inorganic Extended)					
Parameter	Units	DWS	Results	Method	
total dissolved solids	mg/L	500 - 1000			
pΗ	standard units	6.5 - 8.5			
chloride	mg/L	250 - 400			
fluoride	mg/L	4			
sulfate	mg/L	250 - 500			
nitrate (as nitrogen)	mg/L	10			
nitrite (as nitrogen)	mg/L	1			
aluminum	mg/L	0.05-0.2		Арр	
antimony	mg/L	0.006		гоме	
arsenic	mg/L	0.01		ർ ല	
barium	mg/L	2		ıa  y⊀	
beryllium	mg/L	0.004		ical	
cadmium	mg/L	0.005		met	
chromium	mg/L	0.1		Approved analytical methods can be found	
copper	mg/L	1.0-1.3		s	
lead	mg/L	0.015		n be	
ron	mg/L	0.3 - 0.6		fou	
magnesium	mg/L	125 - 150		nd a	
manganese	mg/L	0.1		it the	
mercury	mg/L	0.002		Bu	
nickel	mg/L			reau	
selenium	mg/L	0.05		o d	
silver	mg/L	0.05		Safe	
thallium	mg/L	0.002		D Ti	
zinc	mg/L	5		n Kin	
total uranium	ug/L	30	<del>                                     </del>	9 W:	
adjusted gross alpha*	pci/L	15	<del>                                     </del>	ater	
gross beta	mrem	4	<del>                                     </del>	w e b	
alkalinity (CaCO3)	mg/L	-	<del>                                     </del>	अ सं	
bicarbonate	mg/L	-	<del>                                     </del>	at the Bureau of Safe Drinking Water website https	
			<del>                                     </del>		
boron	mg/L	-	+ -	ıdep	
	mg/L		+ -	//ndep.nv.gov/water	
carbonate Electrical Conductivity	mg/L	at 25 deaC	+	gov	
	umhos/cm	at 25 degC	+ -	wate	
ithium	mg/L		+ -	<u> </u>	
nolybdenum	mg/L	-	+ -		
ohosphorus (total)	mg/L		+		
ootassium	mg/L	-	<del>                                     </del>		
silica	mg/L	-	<del>                                     </del>		
sodium	mg/L	-	<del>                                     </del>		
total suspended solids	mg/L	-	<del>                                     </del>		
urbidity	NTU	-			

Note: A completed UIC U230 Form is required for all UIC-related samples (produced, injected, & monitoring point waters)

Detection limits must be at least as low as primary or secondary drinking water standards where applicable.

Nevada Certified Laboratory must be used for all UIC samples, lab must be certified the method being used.

Metals shall be sampled and analyzed as total metals. Please indicate detection limit instead of stating "Non-Detect" or "ND".

When TDS is high, 200.8 can't be used. See EPA's Approved

Methods for Inorganic Chemicals and Other Contaminants at https://www.epa.gov/dwanalyticalmethods

\*Adjusted gross alpha particle activity doesn't include radon and uranium activity.