



FACTSHEET
(pursuant to NAC 445A.236)

Permittee Name: CLEAR CREEK CLUB FACILITIES LLC
3745 GOLF CLUB DRIVE
CARSON CITY, NV 89705

Permit Number: NS2010509

Permit Type: GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE

Designation: GROUNDWATER

New/Existing: EXISTING

Location: CLEAR CREEK TAHOE GOLF COURSE, CARSON CITY
199 OLD CLEAR CREEK ROAD, CARSON CITY, NV 897056872
LATITUDE: 39.1060, LONGITUDE: -119.8370
TOWNSHIP: 14 N, RANGE: 19 E, SECTION: 3

Outfall / Well Num	Outfall / Well Name	Location Type	Well Log Num	Latitude	Longitude	Receiving Water
001	GOLF COURSE	External Outfall		39.110556	-119.865833	GROUNDWATER
002	MONITORING WELL - MW1	Monitoring Well		39.105832	-119.840019	GROUNDWATER
003	MONITORING WELL - MW4	Monitoring Well		39.100283	-119.849580	GROUNDWATER
004	MONITORING WELL - MW5	Monitoring Well		39.098617	-119.848624	GROUNDWATER
005	MONITORING WELL - MW9	Monitoring Well		39.03	-119.8450	GROUNDWATER
006	MONITORING WELL - MW10	Monitoring Well		39.0990	-119.85	GROUNDWATER

Permit History/Description of Proposed Action

The Permittee, Clear Creek Club Facilities LLC, has applied for the renewal of Permit NS2010509 for the Clear Creek Golf Course (CCGC), located at 199 Old Clear Creek Road, in Douglas County, Nevada. The Permittee proposes to continue to use reclaimed water to irrigate golf course landscaping and fill associated pond areas falling within the course's boundary.

This permit was first issued on May 19, 2010. The most recent permit was issued on March 1, 2017, and expired on February 28, 2022; the permit has been administratively continued since.

Facility Overview

The CCGC is a private 18-hole course surrounded by a planned community of 384 residential lots. At present, there is neither a clubhouse nor permanent toilets. The course includes a rest station, several port-a-potties, maintenance and practice facilities, and a temporary clubhouse. The golf course requires irrigation for 4 to 6 months/year, via reclaimed water; the reclaimed water may also be used for fire suppression and construction uses.

The reclaimed water is provided by Incline Village General Improvement District (IVGID) Water Resource Recovery Facility (WRRF), under Permit NS0030009, via a 12" export line that runs 21 miles from Incline Village. The reclaimed water is treated to a Category C bacteriological reuse standard (NAC 445A.276). The golf course further treats the reclaimed water supplied by IVGID WRRF, via chloride injection (with

sodium hypochlorite or commercial bleach), treating the reclaimed water to a Category B bacteriological quality. Developers plan to construct a reclaimed water filtration plant to improve the existing effluent quality from Category C bacteriological reuse quality to Category A bacteriological reuse quality, once a sewer connection to the Indian Hills GID is available to dispose of the filtration plant backwash.

After the reclaimed water enters the site, it is diverted to a transfer pond near the 18th hole, and then pumped to an approximately 2-acre, 15 acre/ft storage pond near the 11th hole. The storage pond, lined with 30-mil PVC, has been constructed to contain the run-off of a 100-year storm. The reclaimed water is drawn from the storage pond to the irrigation pump house. The pump station distributes the reclaimed water to the course through a series of buried mains, laterals, and pop-up sprinkler heads that are designed for reclaimed water usage. The irrigation system is programmed to irrigate specific areas, at specified times, to minimize the possibility of human contact. The irrigation system is inspected by maintenance personnel daily. During precipitation events, maintenance personnel deactivate the irrigation distribution system to prevent over-irrigation and run-off. For algae and odor control in the ponds, submerged aeration diffusers are operated with an off timer control. The proposed disc-filter, at the filtration plant, may reduce pond algae level in the future allowing for enhanced total suspended solids (TSS) removal and the ability for additional chlorination. In lieu of a sulfur burner, use of a pH depressant (acid) may be utilized as an option, with additional information to be provided to NDEP upon completion, along with the required Carson City pre-approval of the planned development and on-site treatment facility.

The site's Reclaimed Water Management Plan (RWMP) (formerly known as an Effluent Management Plan) was last reviewed and approved by the Division on August 3, 2017. The Technical, Compliance, and Enforcement (TCE) Branch of the Bureau of Water Pollution Control requires RWMPs to be updated every two (2) permit cycles which equates to every ten (10) years with an updated RWMP due on August 3, 2027.

Outfall Summary

Outfall 001 - This external outfall is for the discharge of reclaimed water for the irrigation of the golf course.

Outfall 002 - This is a downgradient monitoring well (MW1) for sampling the following parameters on a quarterly basis: depth to water level (feet below the land surface), water level relative to mean sea level, Chloride, Nitrogen, pH, and Total Dissolved Solids (TDS).

Outfall 003 - This is a cross-gradient monitoring well (MW4) for sampling the following parameters on a quarterly basis: depth to water level (feet below the land surface), water level relative to mean sea level, Chloride, Nitrogen, pH, and TDS.

Outfall 004 - This is a cross-gradient monitoring well (MW5) for sampling the following parameters on a quarterly basis: depth to water level (feet below the land surface), water level relative to mean sea level, Chloride, Nitrogen, pH, and TDS.

Outfall 005 - This is a cross-gradient monitoring well (MW9) for sampling the following parameters on a quarterly basis: depth to water level (feet below the land surface), water level relative to mean sea level, Chloride, Nitrogen, pH, and TDS.

Outfall 006 - This is a proposed monitoring well (MW10) for sampling the following parameters on a quarterly basis: depth to water level (feet below the land surface), water level relative to mean sea level, Chloride, Nitrogen, pH, and TDS. This well has not been drilled as of the date of this renewal cycle.

Effluent Characterization

Nevada State Network Discharge Monitoring Report (NetDMR) data, as reported from September 2019 to August 2024, was reviewed as part of this permit renewal process. The long-term average discharge flow rate for Outfall 001 was 0.27 million gallons per day (MGD), with twenty-seven instances of no discharge. The daily maximum discharge flow rate for Outfall 001 is limited to 0.80 MGD.

The IVGID WRRF provides tertiary treated and disinfected reclaimed water which meets Category C

bacteriological quality per Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 445A.276 to the CCGC; therefore, the reclaimed water should meet, at a minimum, a daily maximum fecal coliform of 240 colony forming units (CFU) / 100 mL and a 30-day geometric mean of 23 CFU / 100 mL.

Onsite treatment at the golf course brings this reclaimed water to a Category B bacteriological quality per NAC 445A.276, with the a daily maximum fecal coliform of 23 colony forming units (CFU) / 100 mL and a 30-day geometric mean of 2.2 CFU / 100 mL. The long-term average for the daily maximum fecal coliform reported was one reportable instance of 5.2 CFU / 100 mL and 59 instances of reported levels being less than the detectable limit.

Note: mg/L = milligrams per liter.

Outfall 001:

Chlorine: 1.21 mg/L with 25 instances of no discharge and 3 instances of no sampling done.

Coliform, fecal general: 39.82 mg/L with 25 instances of no discharge and 3 instances of no sampling done, and 6 overages.

Note: Discussion with the CCGC's consultant disclosed that the Permittee was utilizing numbers reported by the IVGID WRRF, and not post-treatment at the course, with numbers lending to a Category C bacteriological level quality.

Nitrogen, total: 21.94 mg/L, with 25 instances of no discharge and 3 instances of no sampling done.

Outfall 002:

Chloride: 16.66 mg/L, with one instance of no sampling done.

Nitrogen, total: 0.45 mg/L, with one instance of no sampling and four "below detectable levels" reported.

TDS: 133.18 mg/L, with one instance of no sampling done.

Depth to water level below landsurface (annual average): 12.59 feet

Water level relative to mean sea level (annual average): 5537.41 feet

Outfall 003:

Chloride: 25.28 mg/L, with one instance of no sampling done.

Nitrogen, total: 11.88 mg/L, with one instance of no sampling done.

TDS: 181.67 mg/L

Depth to water level below landsurface (annual average): 9.46 feet

Water level relative to mean sea level (annual average): 5803.54 feet

Outfall 004:

Chloride: 15.72 mg/L, with one instance of no sampling done.

Nitrogen, total: 0.41 mg/L, with one instance of no sampling done and three "below detectable levels" reported.

TDS: 147.56 mg/L, with one instance of no sampling done.

Depth to water level below landsurface (annual average): 10.92 feet

Water level relative to mean sea level (annual average): 5818.08 feet

Outfall 005:

Chloride: 38.44 mg/L, with one instance of no sampling done.

Nitrogen, total: 0.44 mg/L, with one instance of no sampling done and six "below detectable levels" reported.

TDS: 169.94 mg/L, with two instances of no sampling done.

Depth to water level below landsurface (annual average): 3.85 feet

Water level relative to mean sea level (annual average): 5688.15 feet

Outfall 006:

Not Constructed as of February 2025.

Pollutants of Concern

Pollutants of concern are any pollutants or parameters that are believed to be present in the discharge and

could affect or alter the physical, chemical, or biological condition of the receiving water. Common pollutants of concern for reclaimed water are fecal coliform and total nitrogen.

Receiving Water

Depth to groundwater is very shallow; bedrock is encountered at approximately 15 feet below ground surface. There are multiple monitoring wells within the golf course's boundary to allow continued review of pollutant levels. With adherence to reporting, and successful application of the CCGC's reclaimed water management plan, no adverse effects to the groundwater are expected to occur as a result of this effluent reuse.

Compliance History

The golf course has been compliant during the period reviewed being September 2019 through August 2024.

Proposed Effluent Limitations

The discharge shall be limited, sampled, and monitored by the Permittee as specified below:

Groundwater Monitoring Wells Table for Sample Location 002 (Monitoring Well - Mw1) To Be Reported Quarterly

Discharge Limitations				Monitoring Requirements			
Parameter	Base	Quantity	Concentration	Monitoring Loc	Sample Loc	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Chloride (as Cl)	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	002	Quarterly	DISCRT
Depth to water level ft below landsurface ^[1]	Daily Minimum	M&R Feet (ft)		Groundwater	002	Quarterly	INSITU
Nitrogen, total	Daily Maximum		<= 10 Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	002	Quarterly	DISCRT
pH	Value		M&R Standard Units (SU)	Groundwater	002	Quarterly	DISCRT
Solids, total dissolved	Daily Maximum		<= 1000 Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	002	Quarterly	DISCRT
Water level relative to mean sea level ^[2]	Daily Maximum	M&R Feet (ft)		Groundwater	002	Quarterly	CALCTD

Notes (Groundwater Monitoring Wells Table):

1. Depth to groundwater.
2. Groundwater elevation above mean sea level (AMSL)

Groundwater Monitoring Wells Table for Sample Location 003 (Monitoring Well - Mw4) To Be Reported Quarterly

Discharge Limitations				Monitoring Requirements			
Parameter	Base	Quantity	Concentration	Monitoring Loc	Sample Loc	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Chloride (as Cl)	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	003	Quarterly	DISCRT
Depth to water level ft below landsurface ^[1]	Daily Minimum	M&R Feet (ft)		Groundwater	003	Quarterly	INSITU
Nitrogen, total	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	003	Quarterly	DISCRT
pH	Value		M&R Standard Units (SU)	Groundwater	003	Quarterly	DISCRT
Solids, total dissolved	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	003	Quarterly	DISCRT
Water level relative to mean sea level ^[2]	Daily Maximum	M&R Feet (ft)		Groundwater	003	Quarterly	CALCTD

Notes (Groundwater Monitoring Wells Table):

1. Depth to groundwater.
2. Groundwater elevation above mean sea level (AMSL).

Groundwater Monitoring Wells Table for Sample Location 004 (Monitoring Well - Mw5) To Be Reported Quarterly

Discharge Limitations				Monitoring Requirements			
Parameter	Base	Quantity	Concentration	Monitoring Loc	Sample Loc	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Chloride (as Cl)	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	004	Quarterly	DISCRT
Depth to water level ft below landsurface ^[1]	Daily Minimum	M&R Feet (ft)		Groundwater	004	Quarterly	INSITU
Nitrogen, total	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	004	Quarterly	DISCRT
pH	Value		M&R Standard Units (SU)	Groundwater	004	Quarterly	DISCRT
Solids, total dissolved	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	004	Quarterly	DISCRT
Water level relative to mean sea level ^[2]	Daily Maximum	M&R Feet (ft)		Groundwater	004	Quarterly	CALCTD

Notes (Groundwater Monitoring Wells Table):

1. Depth to groundwater.
2. Groundwater elevation above mean sea level (AMSL).

Groundwater Monitoring Wells Table for Sample Location 005 (Monitoring Well - Mw9) To Be Reported Quarterly

Discharge Limitations				Monitoring Requirements			
Parameter	Base	Quantity	Concentration	Monitoring Loc	Sample Loc	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Chloride (as Cl)	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	005	Quarterly	DISCRT
Depth to water level ft below landsurface ^[1]	Daily Minimum	M&R Feet (ft)		Groundwater	005	Quarterly	INSITU
Nitrogen, total	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	005	Quarterly	DISCRT
pH	Value		M&R Standard Units (SU)	Groundwater	005	Quarterly	DISCRT
Solids, total dissolved	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	005	Quarterly	DISCRT
Water level relative to mean sea level ^[2]	Daily Maximum	M&R Feet (ft)		Groundwater	005	Quarterly	CALCTD

Notes (Groundwater Monitoring Wells Table):

1. Depth to groundwater.
2. Groundwater elevation above mean sea level (AMSL).

Groundwater Monitoring Wells Table for Sample Location 006 (Monitoring Well - Mw10) To Be Reported Quarterly

Discharge Limitations				Monitoring Requirements			
Parameter	Base	Quantity	Concentration	Monitoring Loc	Sample Loc	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Chloride (as Cl)	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	006	Quarterly	DISCRT
Depth to water level ft below landsurface ^[1]	Daily Minimum	M&R Feet (ft)		Groundwater	006	Quarterly	INSITU
Nitrogen, total	Daily Maximum		<= 10 Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	006	Quarterly	DISCRT
pH	Value		M&R Standard Units (SU)	Groundwater	006	Quarterly	DISCRT
Solids, total dissolved	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Groundwater	006	Quarterly	DISCRT
Water level relative to mean sea level ^[2]	Daily Maximum	M&R Feet (ft)		Groundwater	006	Quarterly	CALCTD

Notes (Groundwater Monitoring Wells Table):

1. Depth to groundwater.
2. Groundwater elevation above mean sea level (AMSL).

Re-use Discharge Limitations Table for Sample Location 001 (Golf Course-External Outfall) To Be Reported Monthly

Discharge Limitations				Monitoring Requirements			
Parameter	Base	Quantity	Concentration	Monitoring Loc	Sample Loc	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow rate ^[1]	30 Day Average	<= 0.6 Million Gallons per Day (Mgal/d)		Prior to Reuse ^[2]	001	Continuous	METER
Flow rate ^[1]	Daily Maximum	<= 0.8 Million Gallons per Day (Mgal/d)		Prior to Reuse ^[2]	001	Continuous	METER
Chlorine, total residual	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Prior to Reuse ^[2]	001	Weekly	DISCRT
Coliform, fecal general	30 Day Geometric Mean		<= 2.2 Most Probable Number per 100ml T (MPN/100mL) ^[3]	Prior to Reuse ^[2]	001	Weekly	DISCRT
Coliform, fecal general	Daily Maximum		<= 23 Most Probable Number per 100ml T (MPN/100mL) ^[3]	Prior to Reuse ^[2]	001	Weekly	DISCRT
Nitrogen, total	Daily Maximum		M&R Milligrams per Liter (mg/L)	Prior to Reuse	001	Monthly	DISCRT

Notes (Re-use Discharge Limitations Table):

1. As effluent is diverted from the IVGID WRRF export line, record the flow as average MGD. Application rates in the RWMP should be used as a guide.
2. Irrigation pump house discharge outlet, as the treatment contact time occurs upstream in the existing 3,400 foot effluent irrigation line.
3. CFU or MPN/100 mL.

Re-use Discharge Limitations Table for Sample Location 001 (Golf Course-External Outfall) To Be Reported Annually

Discharge Limitations				Monitoring Requirements			
Parameter	Base	Quantity	Concentration	Monitoring Loc	Sample Loc	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Nitrogen, total	Annual Total	M&R Pounds per Year (lb/yr) ^[1]		Prior to Reuse	001	Annual	CALCTD
Nitrogen, total ^[2]	Annual Mass Loading	M&R Pounds per Year (lb/yr)		Prior to Reuse	001	Annual	CALCTD

Notes (Re-use Discharge Limitations Table):

- To be reported as pounds per acre per year (lbs/acre/year), refer to Page 20 of WTS-1B: General Criteria for Preparing a Reclaimed Water Management Plan. This formula is below:
Effluent N Applied = (MGD Applied x Effluent N Conc. (mg/L) x 8.34 x #days/mo.) ÷ # Acres
- Report the percentage of nitrogen uptake. Refer to Technical Sheets WTS-1B: General Criteria for Preparing a Reclaimed Water Management Plan and WTS-1C Nutrient Management for Reuse & Biosolids Sites.

Summary of Changes From Previous Permit

Coordinates have been updated on the following outfalls to reflect actual location:

Outfall 002 (MW1): Lat 39.105832, Long -119.840019

Outfall 003 (MW4): Lat 39.100283, Long -119.84958

Outall 004 (MW5): Lat 39.098617, Long -119.848624

Outfall 005 (MW9): Lat 39.10300, Long -119.845000

The notes under the Annualized Nitrogen Mass Loading were revised from:

"1. The total nitrogen applied (lbs/acre) shall not be greater than the total nitrogen uptake (lbs/acre); report with the 4th quarter DMR.

2. As effluent is used for irrigation, record annual volume as acre-feet per year, and annual nitrogen loading as lbs/acre-yr. This is limited via the RWMP, and based on the IVGID WRRF maximum supply rate and effluent limitations."

To the following:

- To be reported as pounds per acre per year (lbs/acre/year), refer to Page 20 of WTS-1B: General Criteria for Preparing a Reclaimed Water Management Plan. This formula is below:

Effluent N Applied = (MGD Applied x Effluent N Conc. (mg/L) x 8.34 x #days/mo.) ÷ # Acres

- Report the percentage of nitrogen uptake. Refer to Technical Sheets WTS-1B: General Criteria for Preparing a Reclaimed Water Management Plan and WTS-1C Nutrient Management for Reuse & Biosolids Sites.

The parameter bases under the Land Application Site were changed from a "Quarter Maximum" to a "Daily Maximum".

The pH parameter was added, with a "Value" base, a "Monitor & Report (M&R) milligrams per liter" concentration, a "Prior to Reuse" monitoring location, "quarterly" measurement frequency, and a "Discret" sampling type.

The "Depth to water level below landsurface" parameter was removed from Annual Reporting and added to the Quarterly reporting table for the monitoring wells.

The "Water level relative to mean sea level" parameter was removed from an Annual Reporting and added to the Quarterly reporting table for the monitoring wells.

Technology Based Effluent Limitations

Technology based effluent limitations are not applicable to this permit.

Water Quality Based Effluent Limitations

Water quality based effluent limitations are not applicable to this permit.

Proposed Water Quality Based Effluent Limits (monthly/weekly/daily)

Water quality based effluent limitations are not applicable to this permit.

Basis for Effluent Limitations

Fecal coliform is required to be monitored to assess the quality of reclaimed water being applied and for the protection of human health and the environment.

The proposed permit establishes the requirement to report the total nitrogen applied to ensure groundwater of the State is not being degraded.

The proposed permit establishes the requirement to report the total nitrogen uptake to ensure groundwater of the State is not being degraded.

Anti-backsliding

None of the proposed permit limits were changed to a less restrictive limit compared to those in the previous permit.

Antidegradation

The Division has developed an antidegradation regulation that is applied on a statewide basis, and which meets the statutory requirements of Nevada's water pollution control law found at Nevada Revised Statute (NRS) 445A.520 and NRS 445A.565 and is consistent with the federal antidegradation policy found at Title 40 in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 131.12. The objective of the Division's antidegradation regulation is to prevent degradation of Nevada's surface waters and maintain the unique attributes and special characteristics and water quality associated with high-quality waters.

As this permit is for discharges to groundwater, and not surface water, the new antidegradation rule is not applicable. There are currently no specific water quality standards that have been formally adopted by the State for groundwater, however, data reviewed during the renewal process does not indicate the potential for degradation of the groundwater from the reclaimed water discharged within the compliance limits of the proposed permit.

Special Conditions

See the Special Approvals/Conditions Table under this permit.

SA – Special Approvals / Conditions Table

Item #	Description
1	Sampling of the reclaimed water needs to be post-treatment at the golf course (after disinfection). If the Permittee is unable to comply with this reporting standard, then additional requirements under the permit regarding buffering zones and irrigation requirements associated with the bacteriological quality of the reclaimed water received from IVGID WRRF shall be enforced.

Discharges From Future Outfalls/ Planned Facility Changes

The Permittee does not anticipate any discharges from any future outfalls or any other changes to the facility although it has been noted that developers plan to construct a reclaimed water filtration plant to improve the existing effluent quality from Category C bacteriological reuse quality to Category A bacteriological reuse quality, once a sewer connection to the Indian Hills GID is available to dispose of the filtration plant backwash.

Corrective Action Sites

There are no active Bureau of Corrective Actions remediation sites within a one-mile radius of the facility.

Wellhead Protection Program

The closest Public Water Supply (PWS) well is located approximately 3800 feet to the north of the outfall. The outfall is not located within a Wellhead Protection Area, which represents an approximate 10-year capture zone of a well, or within a Drinking Water Protection Area, which is defined by a 3,000-foot radius around a PWS well.

Schedule of Compliance:

SOC – Schedule of Compliance Table

Item #	Description	Due Date
1	The Permittee shall submit two (2) copies (one hard copy and one electronic copy) of a Reclaimed Water Management Plan (RWMP) to the Division for review and approval. The RWMP shall follow guidance document WTS1B: General Design Criteria for Preparing a Reclaimed Water Management Plan.	7/3/2027

Deliverable Schedule:

DLV– Deliverable Schedule for Reports, Plans, and Other Submittals

Item #	Description	Interval	First Scheduled Due Date
1	Quarterly DMRs	Quarterly	10/28/2025
2	Annual DMRs	Annually	1/28/2026
3	Annual Report	Annually	1/28/2026

Procedures for Public Comment:

The Notice of the Division's intent to issue a permit authorizing the facility to discharge to groundwater of the State of Nevada subject to the conditions contained within the permit, is being mailed to interested persons on our mailing list and will be posted on our website at <https://ndep.nv.gov/posts>. Anyone wishing to comment on the proposed permit can do so in writing until 5:00 P.M. **5/12/2025**, a period of 30 days following the date of the public notice. The comment period can be extended at the discretion of the Administrator.

A public hearing on the proposed determination can be requested by the applicant, any affected State, any affected interstate agency, the Regional Administrator of EPA Region IX or any interested agency, person or group of persons. The request must be filed within the comment period and must indicate the interest of the person filing the request and the reasons why a hearing is warranted. Any public hearing determined by the Administrator to be held must be conducted in the geographical area of the proposed discharge or any other area the Administrator determined to be appropriate. All public hearings must be conducted in accordance with NAC 445A.238.

The final determination of the Administrator may be appealed to the State Environmental Commission pursuant to NRS 445A.605.

Proposed Determination:

The Division has made the tentative determination to issue/re-issue the proposed 5-year permit.

Prepared by: **Melissa Hanson**

Date: **4/2/2025**

Title: **Staff II Engineer**